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# **Behaviorism**

### About behaviorism

Some of the oldest learning theories belong to the behaviorism as learning paradigm and date back from the beginning of the 20th century.

Behaviorists view **learning as a visible change in ones behavior**. Behaviorism assumes that the learner starts off as a clear state and simply responds to environmental stimuli. Those responses **can be shaped through positive and negative reinforcement** increasing or decreasing the probability of repeating the same behavior.

The key component to this paradigm are observable behaviors and their measuring.

# **Learning theories:**

- Clasicall conditioning (Ivan Pavlov, 1849-1936)
- Operant conditioning (Burrhus Skinner, 1904-1990)

#### Critic

Behaviorism today mostly **lost its influence** and let **cognitivism take its place** as the dominant paradigm. Critics of behaviorist learning theories usually argue that behaviorism **does not explain all kinds o learning** since it ignores inner activities of the mind. For many critics it seems obvious that, at a minimum, the occurrence and character of behavior (especially human behavior) does not depend primarily upon one's reinforcement history, but <u>on the fact that the environment or learning history is represented by an individual and how it is represented.</u>

## **Read more**

Stanford encyclopedia of philosophy: Behaviorism

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Last update: 2023/06/19 15:49

